1 2 3 4 5 6	CAROLYN KUBOTA (S.B. #113660) ckubota@omm.com APALLA U. CHOPRA (S.B. #163207) achopra@omm.com O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP 400 South Hope Street, 18th Floor Los Angeles, California 90071-2899 Telephone: (213) 430-6000 Facsimile: (213) 430-6407 Attorneys for Defendants CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF	OL and D. CC	ior Court of California unty of Los Angeles CC 30 2014 butter, Executive Officer/Clerk		
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9	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	E STATE OF CAL	FORNIA		
10	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES				
11	SANDRA TROIAN, Ph.D.,	Case No. BS1522			
12	Plaintiff,				
13		DEFENDANT CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY'S VERIFIED ANSWER TO THE PLAINTIFF SANDRA TROIAN'S VERIFIED COMPLAINT			
14	v. CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF				
15	TECHNOLOGY,				
16	Defendant.	Dept:	November 13, 2014 D-82 Luis A. Lavin		
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VERIFIED ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S VERIFIED COMPLAINT

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California Institute of Technology ("Caltech" or "Defendant") by and through its attorneys, O'Melveny & Myers LLP, hereby answers Plaintiff's Verified Complaint for Damages and Declaratory and Injunctive Relief ("Complaint"). Defendant avers that, under California Code of Civil Procedure § 1089.5, it is not yet required to respond to Plaintiff's Petition For Writ of Mandate. Nonetheless, Defendant responds herein to Plaintiff's Petition For Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Damages in its entirety. Defendant avers that, as to each and every response denied for lack of sufficient information or belief, it is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the subject or subjects sufficient to enable it to answer those allegations or any of them. Defendant avers that, as to each and every response denied as a mischaracterization of events, Plaintiff's allegations of her own or other individuals' statements or actions so falsely mischaracterize the meaning or context in which those representations may have been made as to require a denial. Defendant avers that its responses are based on Defendant's knowledge of the facts as of the date Defendant executed the Answer. To the extent Defendant learns new or additional information during the course of the litigation, Defendant reserves the right to seek to amend or supplement the Answer. To the extent any allegation expressly or impliedly indicates that Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant avers that, as to each and every allegation which contains argument, principles or conclusions of law, no answer is required. Defendant responds to each individual allegation as follows:

ANSWER TO PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. Defendant admits that Plaintiff has brought a Complaint for damages and a Petition for a peremptory writ of mandate against Defendant.
- 2. Defendant denies that Plaintiff disclosed to FBI agents and to Caltech officials activities at Caltech that she reasonably believed to be unlawful. Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 2 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

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3. Defendant denies that it issued erroneous findings or an erroneous decision against Plaintiff. Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 3 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

ANSWER TO PARTIES

- 4. On information and belief, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4.
 - 5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 5.

ANSWER TO JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. Defendant admits that, since 2006, Plaintiff is, and at all relevant times was, employed as a tenured Professor at Caltech's principal place of business in Pasadena, California, within the boundaries of Los Angeles County, California. Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 6 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

ANSWER TO EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

- 7. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 7.
- 8. On information and belief, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 8.
- 9. On information and belief, Defendant admits that Plaintiff submitted a notice of retaliation to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") along with a copy of the same letter to Defendant on May 27, 2014. Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 9 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 10. On information and belief, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 10.

ANSWER TO FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

11. Defendant admits that Plaintiff is an accomplished academic scholar and has been for over twenty-five years. Defendant understands the word "physicist" to mean a faculty

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member at Caltech who is educated or practicing in the field of physics, and on that basis admits that Plaintiff has been a physicist for over twenty-five years.

- 12. On information and belief, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 12.
- 13. Defendant admits that Plaintiff was recruited to join Caltech's faculty as a Professor of Applied Physics in the Division of Engineering and Applied Science ("EAS"). Defendant admits that Plaintiff was offered appointments in the Mechanical Engineering and Aeronautics options within EAS. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 13.
- 14. Defendant admits that Plaintiff began her employment at Caltech in September 2006. Defendant admits that Plaintiff executed a contract with Caltech on May 3, 2006. Defendant admits that Caltech's Faculty Handbook sets out policies applicable to Plaintiff and fellow faculty members. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 14. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 14 relating to the terms governing Plaintiff's employment assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 15. Defendant admits that Plaintiff is the only female faculty member in the Applied Physics option within EAS. Defendant understands the word "physicist" to include faculty members at Caltech who are educated or practicing in the field of physics, and on that basis denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 15.
- 16. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 16.
- 17. Defendant admits that Plaintiff is an employee of Caltech, which manages JPL, a federally-funded research and development center, for NASA. Defendant admits that Plaintiff has received funding to conduct research with employees at JPL. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 17.

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- 18. Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 18 asserts principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
 - 19. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 19.
 - 20. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 20.
- 21. Defendant admits that DARPA provided funds to the JPL PI on the Electrospray Project. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 21.
 - 22. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 22.
- 23. On information and belief, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 23.
 - 24. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 24.
- 25. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 25.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 25 asserts principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore
- required.
- 26. On information and belief, Defendant admits that Plaintiff and Dr. Amir Gat signed a Technology Control Plan ("TCP") and a bona fide employee exemption memorandum. Defendant avers that the documents speak for themselves.
- 27. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 27.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 27 asserts principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 28. On information and belief, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 28.
- 29. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief that Dr. Gat refused to properly record and safeguard his calculations, numerical simulations, and technical details of the JPL device. Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 29 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

- 30. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief that Dr. Gat stored project-related files and technical information on his personal laptop. Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 30 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 31. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 31.
- 32. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 32.
- 33. Defendant admits that Plaintiff notified Dr. Ares Rosakis, Otis Booth Leadership Chair, Division of EAS, Theodore Von Karman Professor of Aeronautics and Mechanical Engineering; Marionne Epalle, Division Administrator, EAS; and the EAS Academic Affairs Manager of her belief that a virus caused her network problems, and that she believed Dr. Gat's computer was responsible for the virus. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 33.
- 34. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 34.
- 35. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 35.
- 36. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 36.
- 37. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 37.
 - 38. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 38.
- 39. Defendant admits that Plaintiff met with Ms. Epalle on June 4, 2010 and that Plaintiff contacted Ms. Epalle and Dr. Rosakis on June 14, 2010. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 39.

- 40. Defendant admits that a JPL employee related allegations Plaintiff made about Dr. Gat to the JPL Facility Security Officer. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 40.
 - 41. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 41.
- 42. Defendant admits that, on June 8, 2010, it responded to a NASA request for information concerning Caltech's specialized capabilities to manage JPL. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 42.
- 43. Defendant admits that Plaintiff dismissed Dr. Gat on August 3, 2010. On information and belief, Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 43.
 - 44. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 44.
- 45. Defendant admits that Dr. Gat emailed the JPL PI on the Electrospray Project on August 4, 2010, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 45.
- 46. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief that, on August 8, 2010, Plaintiff discovered that Dr. Gat had been posting literature pertaining to the Project on a public website since March 22, 2010, and that users worldwide were linking to the site. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 46. Notwithstanding its denials, Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 46 relating to ITAR violations assert argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 47. Defendant avers that the allegations contained in Paragraph 47 concern an attorney-client privileged communication, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 48. To the extent Paragraph 48 implies that Plaintiff's requests were related to ITAR, or that Defendant failed to meet its obligations under ITAR, Defendant denies. Defendant admits that Plaintiff emailed April White-Castenada, Executive Director of Human Resources, Human Resources Department, and Ms. Epalle on August 7, 2010, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Plaintiff emailed Ms. Epalle, Ms. White-Castenada, and the JPL PI on the Electrospray Project on August 8, 2010, and avers that the email speaks for itself.

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	Defendant admits that Plaintiff emailed Ms. Susan Conner, Director of Employee &
	Organizational Development, Employee Relations; Ms. Julia McCallin, Associate Vice President
	for Human Resources, Human Resources Department; and Dr. Morteza Gharib, Hans W.
	Liepmann Professor of Aeronautics and Professor of Bioinspired Engineering, Ronald and
	Maxine Lind Institute of Economic and Management Sciences, Vice Provost on August 14, 2010,
	and again on August 15, 2010, and avers that the emails speak for themselves. Defendant admits
	that Plaintiff emailed Ms. Epalle and Ms. Conner on August 15, 2010, and avers that the email
	speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Plaintiff emailed Ms. White-Castenada, Ms. McCallin,
	Ms. Epalle, Ms. Conner, and Dr. Gharib on August 18, 2010, and avers that the email speaks for
	itself. Defendant denies remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 48.
	49. Defendant admits that Plaintiff met with Dr. Gharib on August 16, 2010, and
	admits that Dr. Gharib was, on August 16, 2010, and remains, Caltech's Vice Provost for
	Research. Defendant denies that Dr. Gharib was responsible for investigating Dr. Gat's, or
	anyone else's nossible ITAR violations or securing Dr. Gat's work-related materials. To the

50. Defendant admits that Plaintiff requested that Defendant terminate Dr. Gat's employment, and that Plaintiff requested that Defendant secure Dr. Gat's materials pertaining to the Electrospray Project. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 50.

extent Paragraph 49 implies Plaintiff reported ITAR violations to Dr. Gharib, Defendant denies.

- 51. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 51.
- 52. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 52.
- 53. Defendant avers that no Caltech employee transferred ITAR-controlled information to Dr. Gat in relation to his work on the Electrospray Project, and for that reason admits that it did not review Dr. Gat's laptop. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 53.
 - 54. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 54.
- 55. Defendant admits that Dr. Gat has returned to Israel, and is an Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering at ITT. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 55.

56.	Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and even
allegation con	stained in Paragraph 56.

- 57. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 57.
- 58. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 58.
- 59. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 59.
- 60. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 60.
- 61. Defendant admits that Dr. Rosakis, Ms. Epalle, Dr. Gharib, and Plaintiff met on July 18, 2012, and that the purpose of the meeting was to discuss matters related to Plaintiff's postdoctoral research scholars. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the date or circumstances of Plaintiff's meeting with the FBI. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 61.
- 62. Defendant admits that Plaintiff stated she had spoken to the FBI about Dr. Gat. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 62.
 - 63. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 63.
 - 64. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 64.
- 65. Defendant admits that Dr. Rosakis and Dr. Gharib told Plaintiff they had received complaints that she had mistreated former postdoctoral research scholars, including Dr. Gat and Dr. Anoosheh Niavaranikheiri. Defendant admits that Dr. Niavaranikheiri worked as Plaintiff's postdoctoral scholar from June 2011 to June 2012. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 65.
 - 66. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 66.
 - 67. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 67.
 - 68. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 68.

- 69. Defendant denies as a mischaracterization of events each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 69.
- 70. Defendant admits that Plaintiff wrote a letter to Dr. Edward Stolper, William E. Leonhard Professor of Geology, Carl and Shirley Larson Provostial Chair, Geological and Planetary Sciences, on July 22, 2012, and avers that the letter speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Plaintiff and Dr. Stolper met on July 30, 2012. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 70.
- 71. Defendant denies that Dr. Stolper told Plaintiff that Caltech did not like its employees calling the authorities. Defendant denies as a mischaracterization of events the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 71.
- 72. Defendant admits that Plaintiff and Dr. Stolper discussed complaints that Plaintiff had mistreated her postdoctoral scholars, including Dr. Niavaranikheiri. Defendant denies as a mischaracterization of events that Dr. Stolper told Plaintiff "everybody is afraid of me." Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 72.
- 73. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis documented that three of Plaintiff's former postdoctoral research scholars—Dr. Gat, Dr. Niavaranikheiri, and Dr. Mathias Dietzel—had serious complaints about working with Plaintiff, and avers that the documentation speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 73.
- 74. Defendant denies that it has not explained the complaints by Dr. Gat,
 Dr. Niavaranikheiri, and Dr. Dietzel to Plaintiff. To the extent Paragraph 74 implies that Plaintiff
 has never seen documentation of complaints against Plaintiff, Defendant denies. Defendant
 denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 74.
 - 75. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 75.
- 76. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 76.
- 77. Defendant admits that Plaintiff hired Dr. Niavaranikheiri in or around June 2011. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 77.

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78	8.	To the extent Par	agraph 78 implies that Dr. Niavaranikheiri did not contribute to
the resear	rch, I	Defendant denies.	Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the
remaining	g alle	gations contained	in Paragraph 78.

- 79. Defendant admits that Dr. Niavaranikheiri left Caltech in or around June 2012. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 79.
- 80. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 80.
- 81. Defendant admits that Plaintiff submitted several online abstracts (approximately 200 words each) to the APS DFD scheduled for November 2012. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 81.
- 82. Defendant admits that APS talks are designed to be ten-minute reports by members of the scientific community. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 82.
- 83. Defendant admits that APS abstracts are 200-word summaries that researchers submit in advance of their talks. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 83.
- 84. Defendant admits that Plaintiff submitted an abstract on thermal slip that did not include Dr. Niavaranikheiri's name. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 84.
- 85. Defendant admits that APS abstracts can list multiple authors, and that the APS accepts one abstract per first author. Defendant admits that Plaintiff listed M. Pucci, Plaintiff's cat, as the first author on the 2012 APS abstract. Defendant admits that Plaintiff listed herself as second author on the 2012 APS abstract because she was first author on another abstract that year. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 85. To the extent Paragraph 85 implies that Dr. Niavaranikheiri did not contribute to the research, Defendant denies.

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	86.	Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every
	allegation con	stained in Paragraph 86. To the extent Paragraph 86 implies that it was appropriate
	for Plaintiff to	o list her cat as first author in place of Dr. Niavaranikheiri, Defendant denies.
	87.	Defendant admits that Plaintiff delivered the 2012 APS talk for which her cat was
	listed as the fi	irst author. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the
	remaining alle	egations contained in Paragraph 87.
	88.	Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every
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- allegation contained in Paragraph 88.
 - 89. Defendant denies the allegation contained in Paragraph 89.
- 90. Defendant admits that Dr. Gat and Dr. Gharib attended the 2012 APS meeting. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 90.
- 91. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib, Dr. Rosakis, and Plaintiff met on December 14, 2012 in Dr. Rosakis's office. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 91.
 - 92. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 92.
- 93. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis questioned the identity of M. Pucci, and that Plaintiff identified M. Pucci as her cat. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis questioned Plaintiff's listing of a cat on the 2012 APS abstract in place of Dr. Niavaranikheiri. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 93.
- 94. Defendant admits that Plaintiff took the positions stated in Paragraph 94. Defendant denies Plaintiff's positions in Paragraph 94.
- 95. Defendant admits that Plaintiff took the positions stated in Paragraph 95. Defendant avers that the Investigation Committee found that the placeholder name was used to circumvent APS rules. Defendant denies Plaintiff's remaining positions in Paragraph 95.
 - 96. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 96.

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	97.	Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis	believed that Plaintiff's listing
of a ca	t on her	APS abstract was harmful to Caltech's reputation.	Defendant denies the remaining
allegat	ions cor	tained in Paragraph 97.	

- 98. Defendant admits that Dr. Kaushik Bhattacharya, Howell N. Tyson Sr. Professor of Mechanics and Professor of Materials Science, Executive Officer for Mechanical and Civil Engineering, emailed Plaintiff on December 17, 2012, and avers that the email speaks for itself.
- 99. Defendant admits that Dr. Rosakis and Dr. Bhattacharya are both professors in the EAS Division. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 99.
- 100. Defendant avers that the December 17, 2012 email speaks for itself, and denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 100.
- 101. Defendant admits that Plaintiff responded to Dr. Bhattacharya's email on January 4, 2013, and again on February 27, 2013, and avers that the emails speak for themselves. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 101.
- 102. Defendant admits that Daniel McCleese, Chief Scientist, JPL, Jonas Zmuidzinas, Chief Technologist, JPL, and Dr. Stolper were responsible, on behalf of the Office of the Chief Scientist and Chief Technologist, for notifying all individuals who submitted pre-proposals for funding to the President's and Director's Fund of the decision in response to the pre-proposal. Defendant admits that, on December 18, 2012, the Office of the Chief Scientist and Chief Technologist sent an email to Plaintiff for the same purpose, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 102.
- 103. Defendant admits that Plaintiff and Dr. Stolper communicated via telephone on December 21, 2012. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper expressed his strong belief that Plaintiff's listing of a cat on her APS abstract instead of Dr. Niavaranikheiri was serious and had harmed the reputation of Caltech. Defendant denies that Dr. Stolper characterized Plaintiff's actions as "research misconduct," and denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 103.
- 104. To the extent Paragraph 104 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant avers

that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 104 is opinion, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

- 105. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper asked Plaintiff to send him the slides from her 2012 APS presentation. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 105.
- 106. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper emailed Plaintiff on December 24, 2012, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 106.
- 107. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper emailed Plaintiff on December 29, 2012, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 107.
- 108. Defendant admits that Plaintiff emailed Dr. Stolper a three-page letter on January 4, 2013, and avers that the letter speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 108.
- 109. Defendant admits that the allegations quote portions of Caltech's Whistleblower Policy, and that the Whistleblower Policy applies to Plaintiff. Defendant avers that the Whistleblower Policy speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 109. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 109 relating to the terms governing Plaintiff's employment contract assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 110. Defendant admits that, on February 26, 2013, Dr. Stolper told Plaintiff that he intended to move forward with an investigation. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis provided a summary of their December 14, 2012 meeting, dated January 29, 2013, to Dr. Stolper. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 110.
- 111. Defendant admits that, on March 1, 2013, Dr. Grace Fisher-Adams, Director, Office of Research Compliance, emailed Plaintiff a letter from Dr. Stolper, and avers that the letter speaks for itself.
 - 112. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 112.

113. Defendant admits that it did not accuse Plaintiff of research misconduct.
Defendant admits that it used its Research Misconduct Policy as "guidance" and a "framework"
for its investigation into the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract, and that
Dr. Stolper, Dr. Fisher-Adams, and members of the Investigation Committee informed Plaintiff of
the same during the administrative process. Defendant admits that Dr. Fisher-Adams emailed a
letter to Plaintiff from Dr. Stolper on March 1, 2013, and avers that the letter speaks for itself.
Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 113.

- 114. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper assembled an Investigation Committee to investigate the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 114.
- 115. Defendant admits that the Investigation Committee interviewed Plaintiff and three witnesses between March 1, 2013 and May 8, 2013, and requested information and documents from Plaintiff and one witness. Defendant admits that it did not show Plaintiff a physical copy of Dr. Niavaranikheiri's complaint against her, but avers that it informed her of the substance of the complaint. Defendant admits that Plaintiff submitted a response on April 19, 2013. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 115.
- 116. To the extent Paragraph 116 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits that Plaintiff attended a hearing before the Investigation Committee on May 7, 2013 to discuss the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract. Defendant admits that Dr. Fisher-Adams was present. Defendant admits that the hearing lasted nearly three hours, and that, towards the end of the hearing, the Investigation Committee requested that Plaintiff provide them with information relating to a ten-minute presentation by Plaintiff at the 2013 APS conference. To the extent Paragraph 116 implies that the Investigation Committee members or Dr. Fisher-Adams, who documented the proceedings, were not neutral, Defendant denies. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 116.
- 117. To the extent Paragraph 117 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits

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that Plaintiff submitted emails between herself and Dr. Niavaranikheiri to the Investigation Committee after May 7, 2013. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 117.

- 118. Defendant admits that, on July 1, 2013, the Investigation Committee submitted to Plaintiff a Draft Report dated June 25, 2013. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper became Interim President on July 1, 2013. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 118.
- 119. To the extent Paragraph 119 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits that Dr. Niavaranikheiri emailed Ms. White-Castenada on October 3, 2012 to inquire as to the identity of M. Pucci and as to the absence of her name on the 2012 APS abstract. Defendant admits that, on October 4, 2012, Dr. Gharib asked Ms. White-Castenada to ask Dr. Niavaranikheiri if she had any documents to demonstrate her contributions to the 2012 APS abstract, and that Dr. Niavaranikheiri responded on the same day with supporting documentation to demonstrate her contributions to the 2012 APS abstract, on which Plaintiff's cat was listed as the first author in place of Dr. Niavaranikheiri. Defendant admits that Dr. Niavaranikheiri was not willing to be interviewed by the Investigation Committee. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 119.
- 120. Defendant admits that, on August 19, 2013, Plaintiff provided a 125-page response to the Draft Report. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 120.
- 121. Defendant admits that the Investigation Committee issued a Final Report on September 1, 2013, and avers that the Final Report speaks for itself. Defendant admits that, through clerical error, the copy Plaintiff received omitted pages of an attachment authored by Plaintiff, and that Dr. Fisher-Adams informed Plaintiff of the same. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 121.
- 122. Defendant admits that the Final Report contained a letter from Plaintiff to Dr. Stolper dated January 4, 2013, and avers that the letter speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 122.

123. To the extent Paragraph 123 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct
or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits
that Dr. Melany Hunt, Dotty and Dick Hayman Professor of Mechanical Engineering, who was
the Vice Provost for Academic Affairs during the time period relevant to Paragraph 123, issued a
decision affirming the Investigation Committee's findings on October 17, 2013 and avers that the
document speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Dr. Hunt's decision is retained in the EAS
Division Office and the Office of the Provost, and is part of Plaintiff's personnel records.
Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 123.
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- 124. To the extent Paragraph 124 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies that Plaintiff submitted an appeal pursuant to the Research Misconduct Policy. Subject to those limitations, Defendant admits the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 124.
- 125. To the extent Paragraph 125 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 125.
 - 126. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 126.
- 127. To the extent Paragraph 127 alleges or implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies.

 Defendant denies as a mischaracterization of events each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 127.
- 128. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper referred to a scene from the movie <u>Harvey</u> during his discussion with Plaintiff. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 128.
- 129. Defendant admits that Plaintiff wrote a letter to Dr. Stolper dated April 11, 2014, and avers that the letter speaks for itself; however, Defendant denies that the April 11, 2014 letter accurately memorialized the appeal meeting. Defendant denies as a mischaracterization of events the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 129.

130. To the extent Paragraph 130 alleges or implies Plaintiff was accused of research
misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies.
Defendant denies that Dr. Stolper's decision was pursuant to the Research Misconduct Policy.
Subject to those limitations, Defendant admits that Plaintiff wrote a letter to Dr. Stolper dated
April 11, 2014, and admits that Dr. Stolper issued a final decision affirming the Investigation
Committee's findings—but not its recommendations—three days later, on April 14, 2014.
Defendant avers that the April 14, 2014 decision speaks for itself.

- 131. Defendant admits that Dr. McCleese, Dr. Zmuidzinas, and Dr. Stolper were responsible, on behalf of the Office of the Chief Scientist and Chief Technologist, for notifying all individuals who submitted pre-proposals and proposals for funding to the President's and Director's Fund of the funding decisions in response to the pre-proposals and proposals.

 Defendant admits that, on January 14, 2014, and again on April 22, 2014, the Office of the Chief Scientist and Chief Technologist sent emails to the Plaintiff for the same purpose, and avers that the emails speak for themselves. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 131.
- 132. To the extent Paragraph 132 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself.
- 133. To the extent Paragraph 133 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself.
- 134. To the extent Paragraph 134 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, because Plaintiff was not accused of Research Misconduct, Defendant admits that it did not include an Inquiry stage in its administrative process for the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract.

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- To the extent Paragraph 135 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, 135. or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that Plaintiff received written documentation that Defendant intended to conduct an investigation into the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract for the first time on March 1, 2013, and avers that the documentation speaks for itself.
- 136. To the extent Paragraph 136 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits that Plaintiff emailed Dr. Fisher-Adams on March 5, 2013, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Plaintiff expressed her position that she was entitled to an Inquiry during her hearing on May 7, 2013, and avers that the documentation of the hearing speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Plaintiff wrote a letter to Dr. Jed Buchwald, Dr. Ellen Rothenberg, Dr. Konstantinos Giapis, Dr. Paul Dimotakis, and Dr. Fisher-Adams on June 11, 2013, and avers that the letter speaks for itself. Defendant denies that any of the individuals to whom Plaintiff emailed or spoke on the subject of an Inquiry stage on March 5, 2013, May 7, 2013, or June 11, 2013 claimed that the December 14, 2012 meeting between Plaintiff, Dr. Gharib, and Dr. Rosakis constituted an Inquiry. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 136.
- 137. To the extent Paragraph 137 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Because Plaintiff did not engage in conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant admits that it did not provide Plaintiff with the Inquiry process set forth in the Research Misconduct Policy. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 137.
- 138. To the extent Paragraph 138 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself.
- 139. To the extent Paragraph 139 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself. Defendant

admits that Dr. Buchwald, Doris and Henry Dreyfuss Professor of History, was the Chair of the Investigation Committee. Defendant admits that Dr. Dimotakis is the John K. Northrop Professor of Aeronautics and Professor of Applied Physics. Defendant admits that Dr. Giapis is a Professor of Chemical Engineering. Defendant admits that Dr. Rothenberg is the Albert Billings Ruddock Professor of Biology. Defendant admits that it did not seek individuals outside of Caltech to participate as members of the Investigation Committee. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 139.

- 140. To the extent Paragraph 140 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself.
- 141. To the extent Paragraph 141 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 141.
- 142. Defendant admits that Dr. Dimotakis was Chief Technologist of JPL in 2010. Defendant admits that Dr. Dimotakis and Dr. Rosakis have published together. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 142.
- 143. Defendant admits that Dr. Giapis has a professional relationship with Dr. Dietzel's Ph.D. thesis supervisor. Defendant admits that Dr. Rosakis and Dr. Gharib met with Plaintiff on July 18, 2012 to discuss complaints of postdoctoral scholars against Plaintiff, including Dr. Dietzel's complaint. Defendant admits that Dr. Dimotakis recommended to Dr. Stolper that Dr. Giapis serve on the Investigation Committee. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 143.
- 144. Defendant admits that, on May 10, 2013, two months after Plaintiff was informed that Dr. Dimotakis and Dr. Giapis would serve on the Investigation Committee, Plaintiff asserted that there were conflicts of interest on the part of Dr. Dimotakis and Dr. Giapis to Committee Chair Buchwald. Defendant denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 144.

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- 145. To the extent Paragraph 145 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 145.
- 146. To the extent Paragraph 146 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits that the allegation quotes portion of correspondence dated March 12, 2013 between Plaintiff and Dr. Fisher-Adams, and avers that the correspondence speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 146.
- 147. To the extent Paragraph 147 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies that it insisted, at any time, that Defendant's entire laptop be imaged. Defendant avers that it told Plaintiff she could remove materials unrelated to the authorship issues before her laptop was imaged.
 - 148. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 148.
- 149. To the extent Paragraph 149 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Draft Report issued on June 25, 2013, and avers that the Draft Report speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 149.
- 150. To the extent Paragraph 150 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself.
- 151. To the extent Paragraph 151 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that

limitation, Defendant avers that the Final Report speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 151.

- 152. To the extent Paragraph 152 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that Plaintiff provided hundreds of pages of documents to the Investigation Committee to respond to the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract, and avers that the documents speak for themselves. Defendant avers that the Final Report speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 152.
- 153. To the extent Paragraph 153 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that Plaintiff submitted an appeal to Dr. Hunt, and avers that the document speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 153.
- 154. To the extent Paragraph 154 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself.
- or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper defined the initial scope of the Investigation Committee's review of the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract. Defendant admits that the allegation that "all stages of the procedure should be fully documented" quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 155.
- 156. To the extent Paragraph 156 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct

Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 156.

157. To the extent Plaintiff's allegation implies that Plaintiff was being investigated for research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that it initiated its administrative process in February 2013. Defendant admits that the investigation into the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract arose from allegations that Defendant received from Dr. Niavaranikheiri, Plaintiff's former postdoctoral scholar, and that Dr. Stolper, Dr. Fisher-Adams, and members of the Investigation Committee informed Plaintiff of the same. Defendant admits that Plaintiff received the Investigation Committee's Draft Report in July 2013. To the extent Plaintiff's allegation implies Dr. Niavaranikheiri did not provide information to support her allegations, Defendant denies. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief when Plaintiff learned that the Committee did not interview Dr. Niavaranikheiri. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 157.

158. Defendant admits that Dr. Niavaranikheiri emailed Ms. White-Castenada to inquire about the identity of "M. Pucci," the first listed author on Plaintiff's 2012 APS abstract, and to express her concern that she was not listed as an author on the abstract, on October 3, 2012. Defendant admits that Dr. Niavaranikheiri did not state that Plaintiff engaged in plagiarism, misappropriation of her work, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib learned of Dr. Niavaranikheiri's email on or around October 3, 2012, and that he requested that Dr. Niavaranikheiri provide additional information on the work that she had performed with Plaintiff that formed the basis of Dr. Niavaranikheiri's email. Defendant admits that the 2012 APS DFD conference was held on or around November 18, 2012. Defendant admits that it informed Plaintiff of the allegations raised by Dr. Niavaranikheiri on December 14, 2012. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 158.

159. Defendant admits that the Investigation Committee did not directly interview Dr. Niavaranikheiri. To the extent Plaintiff's allegation implies that Dr. Niavaranikheiri did not

provide information to Caltech to support her allegations, Defendant denies. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 159.

- 160. To the extent Paragraph 160 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 160.
 - 161. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 161.
- 162. To the extent Paragraph 162 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that Plaintiff submitted documents to the Investigation Committee in advance of the May 7, 2013 hearing, and avers that the documents speak for themselves. Defendant admits that the Committee discussed a subset of the documents submitted by Plaintiff at the May 7, 2013 hearing, and avers that the documentation of the hearing speaks for itself. Defendant admits that the Investigation Committee issued a Final Report on September 1, 2013, and admits that, through clerical error, the copy Plaintiff received omitted pages of an attachment authored by Plaintiff. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 162.
- 163. Defendant admits that Plaintiff took the position that there were 70 examples of changes listed in the 2012 APS DFD Program Corrigenda, and that two of these changes resulted in the same researcher presenting twice at the conference. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 163.
 - 164. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 164.
- or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the Investigation Committee interviewed Dr. Manoochehr Koochesfahani, Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Michigan State University on or around March 20, 2013. Defendant admits that Dr. Koochesfahani obtained his Ph.D. in Aeronautics from Caltech in 1984, and that Dr. Dimotakis was Dr. Koochesfahani's Ph.D. advisor. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 165.

	166.	To the extent Paragraph 166 implies that Plaintiff was accused of research
misco	nduct, o	r any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies.
Subjec	ct to that	limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research
Misco	nduct Po	olicy. and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself. Defendant
denies	the rem	aining allegations contained in Paragraph 166.

- 167. To the extent Paragraph 167 implies that Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that Dr. Fisher-Adams was a licensed and active attorney in the State of California at the time of the administrative process. To the extent Paragraph 167 implies that Dr. Fisher-Adams practiced law on behalf of Defendant, or represented Defendant in her capacity as an attorney during the administrative process, Defendant denies. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 167.
- 168. Defendant admits that Dr. Fisher-Adams provided administrative support to the Investigation Committee. Defendant admits that Dr. Fisher-Adams reports directly to Dr. Gharib. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 168.
- administrative support to the Investigation Committee, including collecting documents from Plaintiff for the Investigation Committee and documenting Plaintiff's May 7, 2013 hearing. Defendant admits that Dr. Fisher-Adams prepared an 11-page summary transcript of Plaintiff's hearing, which speaks for itself. Defendant denies that Plaintiff's hearing, or any proceeding conducted in the course of the administrative process, was recorded by audio or other media, and for that reason admits that Plaintiff was not given a copy of an audio recording. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 169.
- 170. Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper emailed Plaintiff on December 29, 2012, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 170.
- 171. To the extent Paragraph 171 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that

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limitation, Defendant admits that Dr. Stolper defined the initial scope of the Investigation Committee's review of the authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract, heard Plaintiff's appeal, and affirmed the Investigation Committee's findings—but not its recommendations—as a final decision. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 171.

- 172. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 172.
- 173. Defendant admits that Caltech Property Services sent an email to Plaintiff on September 18, 2013, and avers that the email speaks for itself. Defendant admits that Caltech employees later acknowledged that the equipment that was the subject of the September 18, 2013 email never belonged to Plaintiff. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 173.
 - 174. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 174.
- 175. Defendant admits that the EAS Visiting Committee includes Caltech trustees, business leaders, and faculty from leading universities. Defendant avers that it selects a specific subset of faculty to attend meetings with the Visiting Committee, which generally includes Caltech and EAS Division leadership, and new or junior faculty members. For that reason, Defendant admits that it invited Plaintiff to meet with the Visiting Committee in 2007, when she was a new faculty member, and admits that it did not invite Plaintiff to meet with the Visiting Committee in 2014. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 175.
 - 176. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 176.
- 177. Defendant admits that Plaintiff is a tenured faculty member, with experience in industry and academia, but denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the existence, frequency or nature of Plaintiff's positions as an advisor or consultant to other universities, government, or industry. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 177.
 - 178. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 178.
 - 179. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 179.
- 180. Defendant denies that its administrative process was retaliatory or brought on baseless charges. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 180.

	181.	Defendant admits that it provided Plaintiff's former counsel with a copy of her
faculty	file at	his request, on or about April 9, 2013. Defendant denies the remaining allegations
contair	ned in F	aragraph 181.

- 182. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis met with Plaintiff on July 18, 2012 to discuss that three of Plaintiff's former postdoctoral research scholars—Dr. Gat, Dr. Niavaranikheiri, and Dr. Dietzel—had serious complaints about working with Plaintiff. Defendant admits that Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis documented the meeting on July 30, 2012, and avers that the documentation speaks for itself. Defendant denies remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 182.
- 183. Defendant admits that it provided Plaintiff with a copy of her faculty file and additional personnel records on September 20, 2014.
 - 184. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 184.
 - 185. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 185.
- 186. Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of a letter from Dr. Gharib and Dr. Rosakis to Dr. Stolper summarizing their December 14, 2012 meeting with Plaintiff, and avers that the document speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 186.
 - 187. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 187.
- 188. Defendant denies that it has ever harassed Plaintiff. Defendant denies that it has caused Plaintiff the harms she alleges in Paragraph 188. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 188.
- 189. To the extent Paragraph 189 implies Defendant caused the harms alleged,
 Defendant denies. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 189.
- 190. To the extent Paragraph 190 implies Defendant caused the harms alleged,
 Defendant denies. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 190.

191. Defendant denies that it has ever retaliated against or harassed Plaintiff.

Defendant denies it has caused Plaintiff the harms she alleges in Paragraph 191. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 191.

ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COUNT I - RETALIATION IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LABOR CODE § 1102.5(b)

- 192. In answer to Paragraph 192 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and incorporates herein by reference each and all of the denials, admissions, and allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 191 of this Answer, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 193. To the extent Paragraph 193 implies that Defendant retaliated against Plaintiff, Defendant denies. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 193 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 194. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 194.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 194 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 195. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 195.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 195 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 196. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 196.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 196 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 197. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 197.Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained

in Paragraph 197 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

198. Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 198 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

199. Defendant admits that it employed Dr. Stolper, Dr. Gharib, Dr. Rosakis, Dr. Fisher-Adams, Dr. Hunt, Ms. Victoria Stratman, General Counsel, Office of the General Counsel and Ms. Epalle at all times relevant to Plaintiff's Complaint. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 199. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 199 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

200. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 200.

Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 200 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

201. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 201.

Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 201 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

202. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 202.

Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 202 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COUNT II - REPRESENTATIVE ACTION FOR CIVIL PENALTIES PURSUANT TO THE PRIVATE ATTORNEY GENERAL ACT (PAGA), CAL. LABOR CODE §§ 2698-2699.5

- 203. In answer to Paragraph 203 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and incorporates herein by reference each and all of the denials, admissions, and allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 202 of this Answer, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 204. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 204.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 204 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COUNT III - PETITION FOR WRIT OF ADMINISTRATIVE MANDATE UNDER CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE § 1094.5

- 205. In answer to Paragraph 205 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and incorporates herein by reference each and all of the denials, admissions, and allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 204 of this Answer, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 206. To the extent Paragraph 206 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 206. Notwithstanding its denials, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 206 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 207. Defendant admits that Plaintiff appealed the Committee's findings to Dr. Hunt and Dr. Stolper, and thereby exhausted her internal administrative remedies. To the extent Plaintiff alleges she exhausted her external administrative remedies, Defendant denies. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 207 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

	208.	Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 208.
Notw	ithstandi	ng its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained
in Par	agraph 2	08 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer
is the	refore re	quired.

- 209. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 209.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 209 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 210. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 210.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 210 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 211. Defendant admits that Plaintiff requested that Caltech prepare a true and correct copy of the administrative record. Defendant avers that Plaintiff and Defendant have met and conferred, that Plaintiff will prepare the administrative record, and that Defendant will supplement the record as necessary. On information and belief, Defendant admits the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 211.

ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COUNT IV - PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE UNDER CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE § 1085

- 212. In answer to Paragraph 212 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and incorporates herein by reference each and all of the denials, admissions, and allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 211 of this Answer, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 213. Defendant denies that it charged Plaintiff with research misconduct. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that it initiated an administrative process to address authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract, and that the findings and final decision of that process concluded, among other things, that Plaintiff should "consider" providing authorship credit to Dr.

Niavaranikheiri on the November 2012 and March 2013 APS abstracts. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 213.

- 214. To the extent Paragraph 214 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 214. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 214 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 215. To the extent Paragraph 215 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant admits that it used its Research Misconduct Policy as "guidance" and a "framework" for its administrative process to address authorship issues regarding the 2012 APS abstract. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 215.
- Dr. Stolper, and thereby exhausted her internal administrative remedies. To the extent Plaintiff alleges she exhausted her external administrative remedies, Defendant denies. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 216 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 217. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 217.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 217 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 218. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 218.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 218 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

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ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COUNT V - BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 219. In answer to Paragraph 219 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and incorporates herein by reference each and all of the denials, admissions, and allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 218 of this Answer, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 220. To the extent Paragraph 220 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 220. Notwithstanding its admission, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 220 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 221. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 221. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 221 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 222. Defendant denies for lack of sufficient information or belief each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 222.
- 223. To the extent Paragraph 223 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 223. Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 223 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 224. To the extent Paragraph 224 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Subject to that limitation, Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Research Misconduct Policy, and avers that the Research Misconduct Policy speaks for itself. Defendant denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 224. Notwithstanding its denials, Defendant avers

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and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 224 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

- 225. To the extent Paragraph 225 implies Plaintiff was accused of research misconduct, or any conduct subject to the Research Misconduct Policy, Defendant denies. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 225. Notwithstanding its denials, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 225 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
 - 226. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 226.
- 227. Defendant admits that the allegation quotes a portion of the Whistleblower Policy, and that the Whistleblower Policy applies to Plaintiff. Defendant avers that the Whistleblower Policy speaks for itself.
- 228. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 228.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 228 asserts argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 229. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 229.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the allegations contained in Paragraph 229 assert argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 230. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 230.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the allegations contained in Paragraph 230 assert argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 231. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 231.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the allegations contained in Paragraph 231 assert argument, principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COUNT VI - BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- 232. In answer to Paragraph 232 of the Complaint, Defendant repeats and incorporates herein by reference each and all of the denials, admissions, and allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 231 of this Answer, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 233. Defendant avers and alleges that each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 233 asserts principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 234. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 234.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the allegations contained in Paragraph 234 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 235. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 235.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the allegations contained in Paragraph 235 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.
- 236. Defendant denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 236.

 Notwithstanding its denial, Defendant avers and alleges that the allegations contained in Paragraph 236 assert principles or conclusions of law, not fact, and that no answer is therefore required.

ANSWER TO REQUEST FOR RELIEF

To the extent that any response is required to Plaintiff's prayer for relief and judgment, Defendant denies each and every allegation contained herein.

ANSWER TO DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to a jury trial.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

While specifically denying any liability to Plaintiff and without assuming any legal or factual burden not otherwise assigned to it by virtue of listing these affirmative defenses,

Defendant asserts the following affirmative defenses:

First Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Failure to State a Cause of Action)

As a first, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims, and each of them, fail to state facts upon which relief can be granted.

Second Affirmative Defense to All Counts (No Damages)

As a second, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims, and each of them, fail to state facts sufficient to allow any recovery of general damages, compensatory damages, consequential damages, damages for pain and suffering, emotional distress, and public humiliation, damage to Plaintiff's professional reputation, punitive damages, earnings, restitution, interest, costs of suit, attorneys' fees or any other form of relief.

Third Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Justification)

As a third, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because Defendant was justified in any and all actions taken with respect to Plaintiff.

Fourth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Legitimate, Non-Retaliatory Reasons)

As a fourth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because all actions taken by Defendant with respect to Plaintiff were motivated by legitimate, non-retaliatory reasons.

Fifth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Legitimate, Independent Reasons)

As a fifth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because all actions taken by Defendant with respect to Plaintiff would have occurred for legitimate, independent reasons.

Sixth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Legitimate Considerations)

As a sixth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because, even should Plaintiff prove that any unlawful reason was a substantial factor motivating the challenged employment decisions, the same decisions would have been made based on legitimate considerations.

Seventh Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Good Faith)

As a seventh, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims, and each of them, are barred in whole or in part because Defendant has at all times acted in good faith.

Eighth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Ratification)

As an eighth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by Plaintiff's ratification of the conduct of which she complains.

Ninth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Attorneys' Fees)

As a ninth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant is entitled to recover all costs and attorneys' fees incurred herein, pursuant to, by way of example and not of limitation, California Code of Civil Procedure § 1032 et seq.

Tenth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Unclean Hands)

As a tenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims, and each of them, or some of them, as set forth in the Complaint, are barred in whole or in part by Plaintiff's unclean hands and/or inequitable or wrongful conduct.

Eleventh Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Failure to Mitigate Damages)

As an eleventh, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims for damages, if in fact any damages have been

or will be sustained, must be diminished or barred by reason of Plaintiff's failure to mitigate or attempt to mitigate her damages.

Twelfth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Failure to Exhaust Administrative Remedies)

As a twelfth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by Plaintiff's failure to exhaust administrative remedies.

Thirteenth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Failure to Exhaust Judicial Remedies)

As a thirteenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by Plaintiff's failure to exhaust judicial remedies.

Fourteenth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Waiver)

As a fourteenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, as expressly and impliedly waived by reason of Plaintiff's acts, omissions, representations, and courses of conduct.

Fifteenth Affirmative Defense to Counts V-VI (Ambiguity of Contract)

As a fifteenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant was excused from performance of any alleged contractual obligation, express or implied, if any, because the alleged contract at issue is vague and ambiguous.

Sixteenth Affirmative Defense to Counts V-VI (Performance)

As a sixteenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because Defendant fully performed its obligations to Plaintiff.

Seventeenth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Proximate Cause)

As a seventeenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent the

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purported conduct of Defendants was not the proximate cause of the harm allegedly suffered by Plaintiff.

Eighteenth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Res Judicata and Collateral Estoppel)

As an eighteenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by res judicata and/or collateral estoppel.

Nineteenth Affirmative Defense to Count II

(Unjust, Arbitrary and Oppressive, or Confiscatory Penalties)

As a nineteenth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff is not entitled to recover any civil penalties and/or fines pursuant to Plaintiff's second count because, under the circumstances of this case, any such recovery would be unjust, arbitrary and oppressive, or confiscatory.

Twentieth Affirmative Defense to Count II (Unconstitutional Remedy)

As a twentieth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that any award pursuant to Labor Code §§ 2698 et seq. would violate the Due Process Clauses of the United States and California Constitutions because, inter alia, the standards of liability under those statutes are unduly vague and subjective, and permit retroactive, random, arbitrary and capricious punishment that serves no legitimate governmental interest.

Twenty-First Affirmative Defense to Count II (Due Process)

As a twenty-first, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that any award pursuant to Labor Code §§ 2698 et seq. would violate the Excessive Fines and Due Process Clauses of the United States and California Constitutions.

Twenty-Second Affirmative Defense to Counts I-II (Worker's Compensation Exclusivity)

As a twenty-second, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the exclusive remedy set forth in Labor Code §§ 3600 et seq.

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Twenty-Third Affirmative Defense to Counts I-II (Statute of Limitations)

As a twenty-third, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the applicable statutes of limitations, including without limitation, the statute of limitations for claims under Labor Code §§ 96, 98 et seq., and 1102.5.

Twenty-Fourth Affirmative Defense to All Counts (Additional Defenses)

As a twenty-fourth, separate, and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant has insufficient knowledge or insufficient information upon which to form a belief as to whether it may have additional, yet unasserted, affirmative defenses. Defendant reserves the right to amend and/or supplement the averments of its Answer to assert and all pertinent defenses ascertained through further investigation and discovery of this action. Defendant will rely on all defenses that may become available during discovery or trial.

WHEREFORE, Defendant prays that the Court determines and adjudges:

- that Plaintiff take nothing by way of the Complaint and that the same be dismissed with prejudice as against this responding Defendant;
- 2. that Defendant be awarded its attorneys' fees, costs, disbursements and expenses incurred herein; and
- 3. that Defendant be awarded such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: December 30, 2014

O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP CAROLYN KUBOTA APALLA U. CHOPRA

By:

rolyn Kulota / Vir Carolyn Kubota

Attorneys for Defendant

CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF

TECHNOLOGY

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<u>VERIFICATION</u>
I, Shawor E. Red Meclare and state that I am an officer of California Institute of Technology, to wit, and Treasurer, and I make this verification for and on behalf of said corporation in my capacity as ond Treasurer.
I have read the foregoing Answer and I am informed and believe the matters therein to be
true and on that ground allege that the matters stated therein are true.
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the
foregoing is true and correct.
EXECUTED this 28 day of December 2014, at Los Angeles County, California
Marion & Pathe

PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Vanessa Hayes, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California and over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action; my business address is 610 Newport Center Drive, 17th Floor, Newport Beach, California 92660-6429. On December 30, 2014, I served the within document(s):

DEFENDANT CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY'S VERIFIED ANSWER TO THE PLAINTIFF SANDRA TROIAN'S VERIFIED COMPLAINT

- by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Newport Beach, California, addressed as set forth below. I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.
- by putting a true and correct copy thereof, together with an unsigned copy of this declaration, in a sealed envelope designated by the carrier, with delivery fees paid or provided for, for delivery the next business day to the person(s) listed below, and placing the envelope for collection today by the overnight courier in accordance with the firm's ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this firm's practice for collection and processing of overnight courier correspondence. In the ordinary course of business, such correspondence collected from me would be processed on the same day, with fees thereon fully prepaid, and deposited that day in a box or other facility regularly maintained by FedEx, which is an express carrier.
- by causing the document(s) to be emailed or electronically transmitted to the person(s) at the email addresses set forth below, pursuant to a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept service by email or electronic transmission. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.
 - Caused personal service by requesting that an agent or employee of Nationwide Legal LLC deliver to the office of the recipient named below, either by handing the document(s) to the recipient or by leaving the document(s) with the receptionist or other person apparently in charge of the recipient's office:

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Dan Stormer, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff/Petitioner	
Cindy Pànuco, Esq. HADSELL STORMER & RENICK LLP	
128 N. Fair Oaks Avenue	
Telephone: (626) 585-9600	
Facsimile: (626) 577-7079	
Lynne Bernabei, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff/Petitioner	
BERNABEI & WACHTEL PLLC	
Washington, D.C. 20009	
Telephone: (202) 745-1942 Facsimile: (202) 745-2627	
1 465/11/10 2027	
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Californ	uia
that the above is true and correct. Executed on December 30, 2014, at Newport Beacl	1,
California.	
(bn the	
Vanessa Hages	
	Cindy Pànuco, Esq. HADSELL STORMER & RENICK LLP 128 N. Fair Oaks Avenue Pasadena, CA 91103 Telephone: (626) 585-9600 Facsimile: (626) 577-7079 Lynne Bernabei, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff/Petitioner Karen Tanenbaum, Esq. BERNABEI & WACHTEL PLLC 1775 T Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20009 Telephone: (202) 745-1942 Facsimile: (202) 745-2627 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Californ that the above is true and correct. Executed on December 30, 2014, at Newport Beach

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